

ENG

Please read the instructions carefully before use!

[INTENDED USE]

Humasis COVID-19/Flu Ag Combo Test is one step in vitro diagnostic test based on an immunochromatographic assay. It is designed for qualitative detection of SARS-CoV-2 antigens and influenza A/B antigens in nasopharyngeal swab specimen of suspected patients.

[SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION]

Coronavirus is a group of viruses that belongs to the Family Coronaviridae; a type of RNA virus of 27-32kb commonly found in birds and mammals including humans. Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), which was caused by the severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) known to have originated from Wuhan city of China in December 2019, which has been declared a pandemic.

Influenza virus is a single stranded RNA virus that has two types of glycoprotein surface antigen; hemagglutinin and neuraminidase, and is classified as influenza A or B by antigenicity. The most prevalent type is A and B. Type A virus mutations (shifts) and transgenic exchanges (shifts) occur constantly leading to emergence of new viral antigen.

“Cross-reactivity” which refers to the possibility of a severe flu season coinciding with a surge in COVID-19 cases, has become a global concern. The symptoms of COVID-19 and flu are similar, causing respiratory symptoms which can be a wide range of diseases ranging from asymptomatic or mild symptoms to serious illness and death. Therefore fast and accurate diagnosis of the infected virus is critical to public healthcare.

Humasis COVID-19/Flu Ag Combo Test uses a monoclonal antibody specific to SARS-CoV-2 and influenza antigens respectively for accurate results, which will help diagnosing and distinguishing the two diseases.

[TEST PRINCIPLE]

Covid-19 Ag Test

A nitrocellulose membrane strip on the left side of the device contains one test line and one control line. The test line is pre-coated with anti-mouse monoclonal antibody to SARS-CoV-2 nucleocapsid and RBD for detection of SARS-CoV-2 antigens, and the control line is coated with goat anti-mouse IgG.

Influenza Ag Test

A nitrocellulose membrane strip on the right side of the device contains two test lines and one control line. Test line A is pre-coated with monoclonal antibody to influenza A, test line B is coated with monoclonal antibody to influenza B and the control line is coated with goat anti-mouse IgG.

When the sample is added to the sample well, it will migrate to the conjugate pad, which contains conjugated antibodies conjugated with colloidal gold directed against the SARS-CoV-2 influenza Ag antigen. If the sample contains the targeted antigen, a visible colored band will be formed. The conjugate will continue to migrate across the membrane until it reaches the capture zone (test line) where the complex will bind to immobilized antibodies and form visible colored band in the test line. The sample will continue to move along the membrane until it reaches the control line where excess conjugate binds and produces a second visible line. This control line indicates that the sample has migrated across the membrane as intended and the test was performed properly.

[CONTENTS]

• Test devices packaged individually in aluminum pouch (25sets/box)

• Disposable test tube with extraction buffer (25ea/box)

• Filter cap (25ea/box)

• Sterilized swabs for specimen collection (25ea/box)

• Instruction for use (1ea)

[STORAGE AND SHELF-LIFE]

• 18 months from manufacturing date at room temperature (2°C~30°C).

[TEST PROCEDURE]

1. Specimen collection: 1) Use the swab included in the package to collect nasopharyngeal specimen. 2) Collected specimen should be tested immediately after collection for best result.

2. Test method: 1) Prepare aluminum pouch containing the test device and place it on the testing surface along with test tube and filter cap; 2) Release the test device from aluminum pouch and place it on a level surface. 3) Shake the test tube several times before peeling off the sealed cap. Insert the tip of the swab in the test tube and swirl the tip more than 10 times to make sufficient sample extraction; 4) After swirling, remove the swab by pressing the tip against the wall of the test tube to squeeze out the extracted liquid; 5) Fill the filter cap on the test tube and dispense 6 drops of s'amples extracts (190-200µL) into the sample well of the device. 6) Read results at 15 minutes after applying sample. Do not read after 15 minutes.

Preparation of sample

** Avoid swabbing and inserting excessive amount of nasopharyngeal specimen into the test tube, as it may block the filter cap when dispensing sample extracts.

Test Procedure



Test result for COVID-19 Ag test

	RT-PCR	Total
Positive	107	107
Negative	5	191
Total	112	191

Test result for COVID-19 Ag Test showed that clinical sensitivity and specificity of the Humasis COVID-19 Ag Test was as follows:

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2. Test method: 1) Prepare aluminum pouch containing the test device and place it on the testing surface along with test tube and filter cap; 2) Release the test device from aluminum pouch and place it on a level surface. 3) Shake the test tube several times before peeling off the sealed cap. Insert the tip of the swab in the test tube and swirl the tip more than 10 times to make sufficient sample extraction; 4) After swirling, remove the swab by pressing the tip against the wall of the test tube to squeeze out the extracted liquid; 5) Fill the filter cap on the test tube and dispense 6 drops of s'amples extracts (190-200µL) into the sample well of the device. 6) Read results at 15 minutes after applying sample. Do not read after 15 minutes.

Preparation of sample

** Avoid swabbing and inserting excessive amount of nasopharyngeal specimen into the test tube, as it may block the filter cap when dispensing sample extracts.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULT

1. Negative

If no colored line appears in the test line (T) in both result windows and a colored line is present on the control region (C) in both result windows, then the result is negative.

2. Positive

1) COVID-19 positive
If a colored line is visible in the control line (C) in both result windows and one test line (T) is visible in the left window, then the result is positive for SARS-CoV-2 antigen.

2) Influenza A positive
If a colored line is visible in the control line (C) in both result windows and one test line (A) is visible in the lower right window, then the result is positive for influenza A antigen.

3) Influenza B positive
If a colored line is visible in the control line (C) in both result windows and one test line (B) is visible in the upper right window, then the result is positive for influenza B antigen.

3. Invalid

The result is valid only when colored line is visible in the control line (C) in both result windows. If any of the control line (C) in both windows is absent, the test is invalid.

4. Limitation

The limit of detection (LOD) of Humasis COVID-19/Flu Ag Combo Test for COVID-19 virus is 5×10^3 TCID₅₀/mL for influenza A/H1N1 antigen is 2.075mg/mL, for influenza A/H3N2 antigen is 5.5mg/mL, and for influenza B virus is 78mg/mL.

5. Precision

4 individual studies were performed; repeatability (within-laboratory precision), between-operator precision, between-lot precision and between-p face precision of the Humasis COVID-19/Flu Ag Combo Test. The test results confirmed that the Humasis COVID-19/Flu Ag Combo Test shows consistent performance within laboratory, between operators, between lots and between places, all the results show 100% agreement with the expected results.

6. Cross-reactivity

Below potential cross-reactive substances did not affect performance of the Humasis COVID-19/Flu Ag Combo Test.

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Bitte lesen Sie die Anweisungen vor der Anwendung des Tests sorgfältig durch!

VERWENDUNGZWECK

Der Humasis COVID-19/Flu Ag Combo Test ist ein Kombi-In-vitro-Diagnostiktest auf Basis eines Immunchromatographie-Assays. Er wurde für den qualitativen Nachweis von SARS-CoV-2-Antigenen und Influenza-A/B-Antigenen in Nasenabstrichproben von Verdachtspatienten entwickelt.

ZUSAMMENFASSUNG UND ERLÄUTERUNG

Coronaviren sind eine Gruppe von Viren, die zur Familie der Coronaviridae gehören, einer Art von RNA-Virus von 27-32 kb, die normalerweise bei Vögeln und Säugetieren – auch beim Menschen – vorkommen. Das Coronavirus-Erkrankung 2019 (COVID-19) ist eine Erkrankung, die durch den Erreger des Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) ausgelöst wird, der bekanntermaßen im Dezember 2019 seinen Ursprung in der chinesischen Stadt Wuhan hatte. Die Erkrankung wurde als Pandemie eingestuft.

Das Influenzavirus ist ein einsträngiges RNA-Virus, das zur Familie der Orthomyxoviridae gehört und zweite Arten von Glykoproteiner-Antigenen aufweist – Hämoglutinin (HA) und Neuraminidase (NA) – und je nach Antigenität als Influenza A oder B klassifiziert wird. Die häufigsten Typen sind A und B. Beim Typ-A-Virus kommen Mutationen (Drifts) und Genauschüsse (Shifts) ständig vor, was zur Entstehung neuer viraler Antigen-Subtypen (HA oder NA) führt, die vom menschlichen Immunsystem nicht entdeckt werden und für globale Pandemien verantwortlich sind.

Eine „Twindemie“, die sich auf die Möglichkeit einer schweren Influenza bezieht, die zeitgleich mit einem Anstieg von COVID-19-Infektionen gleichzeitig auftritt, kann zu Schweren Durchseuchungen von COVID-19 und Influenza führen.

Verursacht werden in beiden Fällen Atmungsnotsymptome mit einem breiten Erkrankungsspektrum – von Betroffenen, die asymptomatisch sind oder nur leichte Symptome aufweisen, bis hin zu Patienten, die schwer erkranken, und zu Todesfällen. Daher ist die rasche und präzise Diagnose des jeweils vorliegenden infektiösen Virus von entscheidender Bedeutung für das öffentliche Gesundheitswesen.

Der Humasis COVID-19/Flu Ag Combo Test nutzt zur Erzielung korrekter Ergebnisse einen monoklonalen Antikörper für die SARS-CoV-2-Antigene bzw. Influenza-Antigene spezifisch, was zur Diagnose und Unterscheidung der beiden Erkrankungen beiträgt.

PRINZIP DES TESTVERFAHRENS

COVID-19-Ag-Test

Ein Nitrozellulose-Membranstreifen auf der linken Seite des Tests enthält eine Testlinie und eine Kontrolllinie. Die Testlinie ist mit einem monoklonalen Anti-Maus-Antikörper gegen SARS-CoV-2-Nukleop kapsid und die RBD (Rezeptorbinddomäne) zum Nachweis von SARS-CoV-2-Antigenen beschichtet. Die Kontrolllinie ist mit Ziegen-Anti-Maus-IgG beschichtet.

Influenza-A/B-Ag-Test

Ein Nitrozellulose-Membranstreifen auf der rechten Seite des Tests enthält zwei Testlinien und eine Kontrolllinie. Die Testlinie A ist mit einem monoklonalen Antikörper gegen Influenza A beschichtet. Testlinie B ist mit einem monoklonalen Antikörper gegen Influenza B beschichtet. Die Kontrolllinie ist mit Ziegen-Anti-Maus-IgG beschichtet.

Wenn die Abstrichprobe in die Probenverliefung gegeben wird, wandert sie zum Konjugatbereich. Dort befinden sich mit kolloidalen Gold konjugierte Antikörper gegen SARS-CoV-2-Antigene und Influenza-A/B-Antigene. Wenn die Probe die Ziel-Antigene enthält, bildet sich ein Antigen-Konjugat-Komplex. Der Komplex wandert weiter die Membran entlang, bis er die Testzone (Testlinie) erreicht, wo der Komplex an die immobilisierten Antikörper bindet und ein sichtbares Band auf der Testlinie bildet. Die Probe wandert weiter die Membran entlang, bis sie die Kontrolllinie erreicht, wo das überschüssige Konjugat anbindet und eine zweite sichtbare Linie bildet. Diese Kontrollline weist darauf hin, dass die Probe wie vorgesehen die gesamte Membran entlanggewandert ist und der Test ordnungsgemäß durchgeführt wurde.

INHALT

- Einzel in Aluminiumbeuteln verpackte Tests (25 Tests/Box)
- Einweg-Teströhrchen mit Extraktionspuffer (25 Stück/Box)
- Filterkappe (25 Stück/Box)
- Sterilisierte Abstrichtstäbchen zur Probenentnahme (25 Stück/Box)
- Gebräuchsanweisung (1 St.)

HALTBARKEITSDAUER

- 18 Monate ab Herstellungsdatum bei Raumtemperatur (2°C-30°C)
- 18 Monate ab Herstellungsdatum bei Raumtemperatur (2°C-30°C)
- Monoklonaler Antikörper gegen Influenza A
- Monoklonaler Antikörper gegen Influenza B
- Ziegen-Anti-Maus-IgG

MATERIALZUSAMMENSETZUNG

- COVID-19-Ag-Test**
- Monoklonaler Antikörper gegen SARS-CoV-2-Nukleop kapsid
- Monoklonaler Antikörper spezifisch gegen die RBD (Rezeptorbinddomäne)
- Ziegen-Anti-Maus-IgG

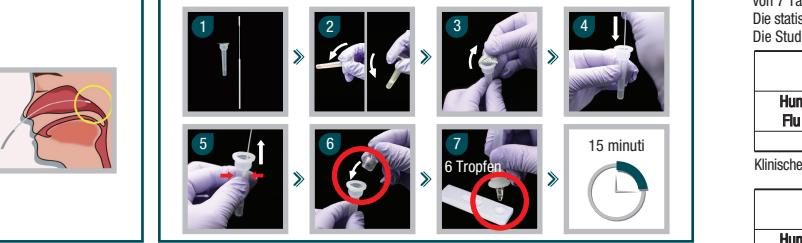
Influenza-A/B-Ag-Test

- Monoklonaler Antikörper gegen Influenza A
- Monoklonaler Antikörper gegen Influenza B
- Ziegen-Anti-Maus-IgG

TESTVERFAHREN

- 1 Probenentnahme: 1) Verwenden Sie das in der Packung enthaltene Abstrichtstäbchen zur Entnahme der nasopharyngealen Probe. Probe. 2) Für beste Ergebnisse sollte die entnommene Probe unmittelbar nach der Entnahme getrocknet werden.
- 2 Testmethode: 1) Legen Sie den Aluminiumbeutel mit dem Test bereit. Platzieren Sie ihn zusammen mit dem Teströhrchen und der Filterkappe auf der Testfläche. 2) Nehmen Sie den Abstrichtstab aus dem Aluminiumbeutel und legen Sie ihn auf eine ebene Oberfläche. 3) Schütteln Sie das Reagenzglas gründlich, bevor Sie den Verschluss abschieben. Tauchen Sie den Tupfer in das abstrichmaterial und ziehen Sie den Abstrichtstab aus dem Beutel. 4) Nach dem Abstreichen der Filterkappe wird die extraktive Flüssigkeit herausgepresst. 5) Setzen Sie die Filterkappe auf das Teströhrchen und geben Sie 7 Tröpfchen des Probenextrakts (190-200 µl) in die Probenverliefung des Tests. 6) Lesen Sie die Ergebnisse 15 Minuten nach Auftragen der Probe ab. Lesen Sie die Ergebnisse nicht später als nach 15 Minuten ab.

ENTNAHMЕ DER PROBE



** Vermeiden Sie das Entnehmen und Hineingeben einer zu großen Menge der nasopharyngealen Probe in das Teströhrchen, da dies die Filterkappe beim Düsieren des Probenextrakts verstopfen könnte.

INTERPRETATION DER ERGEBNISSE

1. Negativ
Wenn keine gefärbte Linie auf der Testlinie (T) in beiden Ergebnisfenstern erscheint und eine farbige Linie im Kontrollbereich (C) in beiden Ergebnisfenstern sichtbar ist, dann ist das Ergebnis negativ.

2. Positiv
Wenn eine farbige Linie auf der Kontrolllinie (C) in beiden Testfenstern sichtbar ist und eine Testlinie (T) am rechten Fenster sichtbar ist, dann ist das Ergebnis positiv bezüglich SARS-CoV-2-Antigen.

3. Influenza-A-positiv
Wenn eine farbige Linie auf der Kontrolllinie (C) in beiden Testfenstern sichtbar ist und eine Testlinie (T) am linken Fenster sichtbar ist, dann ist das Ergebnis positiv bezüglich Influenza-A-Antigen.

4. Influenza-B-positiv
Wenn eine farbige Linie auf der Kontrolllinie (C) in beiden Testfenstern sichtbar ist und eine Testlinie (B) am rechten Fenster sichtbar ist, dann ist das Ergebnis positiv bezüglich Influenza-B-Antigen.

5. Ungültig
Das Ergebnis ist nur dann gültig, wenn in beiden Ergebnisfenstern eine farbige Linie auf der Kontrolllinie (C) sichtbar ist. Wenn in einem der beiden Fenster einer der Kontrolllinien (C) fehlt, ist der Test ungültig.

LITERATURHINWEISE

- [1] Zhu N, Zhang D, Wang W, et al. A Novel Coronavirus from Patients with Pneumonia in China, 2019. N Engl J Med 2020; 382(13):1267-1276.
- [2] Huang C, Wang Y, Li X, et al. Clinical features of patients infected with 2019 novel coronavirus in Wuhan, China. Lancet 2020; 395(10222):416-426.
- [3] Kang CK, Song KH, Choe PG, et al. Clinical and Epidemiological Characteristics of Spreaders of Middle East Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus during the 2015 Outbreak in Korea. J Korean Med Sci 2017; 32:744-9.
- [4] WHO. Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCoV) situation reports. Verfügbar unter: <https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/situation-reports/> (Abgerufen am 2. Feb. 2020).
- [5] Kim SH, Huh JH, Bae SY, Kim JS, Yoon SY, Lim CS, et al. The Dynamics of Respiratory Virus Infection in 2004-2006. The Journal of the Korean Society of Medical Diagnosis.

LEISTUNGSMERkmale

Limits of detection (LoD)
Die Nachweisgrenze (LoD) des Humasis COVID-19/Flu Ag Combo Test beim COVID-19-Virus ist $5 \times 10^3 \text{ TCID}_{50}/\text{ml}$, beim Influenza-A/H1N1-Antigen ist sie 2.075 ng/ml , beim Influenza-A/H3N2-Antigen ist sie 5.5 ng/ml und beim Influenza-B-Virus ist sie 78 ng/ml .

Genauigkeit
Es wurden 4 Einzelstudien durchgeführt: Wiederholpräzision (Genauigkeit innerhalb eines Labors), Präzision bei verschiedenen Anwendern, Präzision bei verschiedenen Chargen und Präzision bei verschiedenen Orten in Bezug auf den Humasis COVID-19/Flu Ag Combo Test. Die Testergebnisse bestätigen, dass der Humasis COVID-19/Flu Ag Combo Test eine konsistente Leistung bei verschiedenen Laboren, verschiedenen Anwendern, verschiedenen Chargen und verschiedenen Orten zeigt. Alle Ergebnisse wiesen eine Übereinstimmung von 100 % mit den erwarteten Ergebnissen auf.



Bitte lesen Sie die Anweisungen vor der Anwendung des Tests sorgfältig durch!

Kreuzreaktivität

Die nachfolgend aufgeführten potenziellen kreuzreaktiven Substanzen haben die Leistung des Humasis COVID-19/Flu Ag Combo Test nicht beeinträchtigt.

Virus ($\geq 10^2 \text{ PFU/mL}$)

No.	Virus	Conc.	No.	Virus	Conc.	
1	Coronavirus OC43	6	Human adenovirus 3	11	Parainfluenza 1	16
2	Coronavirus 229E	7	Human adenovirus 5	12	Human Enterovirus	
3	Coronavirus NL63	8	Human adenovirus 7	13	Influenza A H1N1	
4	MERS-coronavirus	9	Respiratory syncytial virus A	14	Influenza A H3N2	
5	Human adenovirus 1	10	Respiratory syncytial virus B	15	Rhinovirus 1	20

Bakterien ($\geq 10^2 \text{ CFU/mL}$)

No.	Bakterie	Conc.	No.	Bakterie	Conc.	
21	Mycoplasma pneumoniae	24	Streptococcus pneumoniae	27	Candida albicans	30
22	Streptococcus pyogenes	25	Legionella pneumophila	28	Staphylococcus aureus	
23	Bordetella pertussis	26	Chlamydia pneumoniae	31	Enterococcus cassaliflavus	

Others (100%)

Pooled human nasal wash – to represent diverse microbial flora in the human respiratory tract

Si prega di leggere attentamente le istruzioni prima dell'uso!

DESTINAZIONE D'USO

Il Humasis COVID-19/Flu Ag Combo Test è un test diagnostico in vitro monofase basato su un'analisi immunochromatografica. È progettato per il rilevamento qualitativo degli antigeni di SARS-CoV-2 e di influenza A/B in campioni prelevati con tampono nasofaringeo ai pazienti sospetti.

SINTESI E SPIEGAZIONE

I componenti sono un gruppo di virus che appartiene alla famiglia Coronaviridae; si tratta di un tipo di virus RNA di 27-32kbp che si trova comunemente nei grandi uccelli e nei mammiferi, compreso l'uomo. La malattia da coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) è una malattia causata dal coronavirus 2 della sindrome respiratoria acuta grave (Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome COVID-19) e, com'è noto, ha avuto origine dalla città di Wuhan in Cina nel dicembre 2019 ed è stata dichiarata una pandemia (Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome COVID-19).

Il virus dell'influenza è un virus con RNA a singolo filamento che appartiene agli Orthomyxoviridae, che presenta due tipi di antigeni di superficie alla glicoproteina emagluttinina (HA) e neuraminidase (NA), viene classificata come influenza A o B in base all'antigenicità. I tipi prevalenti sono A e B. Le mutazioni di tipo di virus (drift) e gli scambi genetici (shift) si verificano costantemente portando all'insorgenza di un nuovo sottotipo di antigene virale (HA o NA), che sfuggono al sistema immunitario umano e causano pandemie globali.

La possibilità di una "twindemic", termine che si riferisce a una stagione di influenza grave con un'impennata dei casi di COVID-19, è diventata una preoccupazione a livello mondiale. I sintomi del COVID-19 e dell'influenza sono simili e causano problemi respiratori che possono durare lungo un'ampia gamma di patologie dai casi asintomatici o con sintomi lievi a malattia grave e morte.

Pertanto una diagnosi rapida e accurata del virus infettante è un elemento critico per la salute pubblica.

Il Humasis COVID-19/Flu Ag Combo Test utilizza un anticorpo monoclonale specifici per gli antigeni rispettivamente a SARS-CoV-2 per risultati accurati che contribuiscono a diagnosticare e distinguere le due malattie.

PRINCIPIO DEL TEST

Test per Ag COVID-19

Una striscia di membrana di nitrozcellulosa sul lato sinistro del dispositivo contiene una linea di test e una linea di controllo. La linea di test è prevestita di anticorpi monoclonali di tipo anti nucleop capsidi SARS-CoV-2 e RBD per il rilevamento degli antigeni di SARS-CoV-2. La linea di controllo è rivestita con anticorpi IgG anti-topo di capra.

Test per Ag di influenza A/B

Una striscia di membrana di nitrozcellulosa sul lato destro del dispositivo contiene due linee di test e una linea di controllo. La linea di test A è prevestita di anticorpi monoclonali per l'influenza A, la linea di test B è rivestita di anticorpi monoclonali per l'influenza B, e la linea di controllo è rivestita di anticorpi IgG anti-topo di capra.

Quando il campione estratto dal tampono viene aggiunto nelle celle dedicate al campione, esso migra fino alle celle delle antigeni dell'influenza A/B. Se il campione contiene gli antigeni bersaglio si formerà un complesso antigeno-complejo. Il complesso continuerà a migrare attraverso la membrana fino a raggiungere l'area di cattura (linea di test) dove il complesso si legherà agli anticorpi immobilizzati e formerà una banda colorata visibile nella linea di test. Il campione continuerà a spostarsi lungo la membrana fino a raggiungere la linea di controllo dove il coniugato in eccesso si lega e produce una seconda linea visibile. Questa linea di controllo indica che il campione è migrato attraverso la membrana come previsto e che il test è stato eseguito in maniera appropriata.